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Digital control of a second order hybrid system

McCullough, Lawrence E.; Nash, Gordon C. Jr.

Monterey, California: U.S. Naval Postgraduate School

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DIGITAL CONTROL OF A
SECOND ORDER HYBRID SYSTEM

LAWRENCE E. McCULLOUGH
GORDON C. NASH, JR.

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DIGITAL CONTROL OF A
SECOND ORDER HYBRID SYSTEM

by

Lawrence E. McCullough
//
Lieutenant, United States Navy

and

Gordon C. Nash, Jr.
Lieutenant, United States Navy

Submitted in partial fulfillment of
the requirements for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE
IN
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

United States Naval Postgraduate School
Monterey, California

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ABSTRACT

This paper presents the results of efforts to implement a hybrid control system at the U. S. Naval Postgraduate School. The salient features of this effort are use of real time digital computer programming, digital determination of instantaneous state variables, and, using the foregoing features to demonstrate optimum control of a second order system. It was found that the techniques employed would control the second order system, and that the derivative of a variable could be determined with the digital equipment.

The computer programs for accomplishing this effort are included in Chapter IV and the appendices.

The first of the most important of the things which
have been done in the world is the discovery of
the laws of nature. These laws are the foundation
of all science and are the basis of all progress.
The second of the most important of the things
which have been done in the world is the discovery
of the laws of human nature. These laws are the
foundation of all social science and are the basis
of all social progress. The third of the most
important of the things which have been done
in the world is the discovery of the laws of
the human mind. These laws are the foundation
of all psychology and are the basis of all
mental progress. The fourth of the most
important of the things which have been done
in the world is the discovery of the laws of
the human body. These laws are the foundation
of all physiology and are the basis of all
physical progress. The fifth of the most
important of the things which have been done
in the world is the discovery of the laws of
the human soul. These laws are the foundation
of all metaphysics and are the basis of all
spiritual progress.

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this work was to implement a hybrid control system at the U. S. Naval Postgraduate School.

The control problem was approached assuming that a prospective control policy would require instantaneous knowledge of state variables which could not be obtained from the analog sub-system. States needed to implement the control policy would therefore be calculated by the digital computer.

In order to achieve control and obtain the states (i.e., derivatives) it was necessary to be able to determine with considerable accuracy the times required to sample and to compute. Also, appropriate constant time floating point arithmetic and converting procedures had to be developed.

In addition, it was desired to determine what effects on state determination and control any noise present in the system might have.

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CHAPTER II

EQUIPMENT

The system under consideration is shown in Fig. 1. The digital computer was a Control Data Corporation 160. The memory capacity is 4096 twelve bit binary word with a storage cycle time of 6.4 microseconds. Operation is controlled by a program internally stored in sequential locations. More complete information including a listing of computer instructions is contained in Ref. 1.

The plant was simulated on a PACE TR 10 Electronic Associates Incorporated analog computer. It is a twenty amplifier computer with a saturation level of ± 10 volts. The power supply is regulated to ± 10 millivolts. Further information may be found in Ref. 2.

The A/D and D/A converters were designed and constructed at the U. S. Naval Postgraduate School using Digital Equipment Corporation modules. The principle of operation is successive approximation conversion. The analog capacity was 0 to -10 volts with a sensitivity of 2.4 millivolts per bit. The digital ranges 0000 to 3777 and 4000 to 7777 correspond to analog ranges of -5 to 0 and -10 to -5 volts respectively.

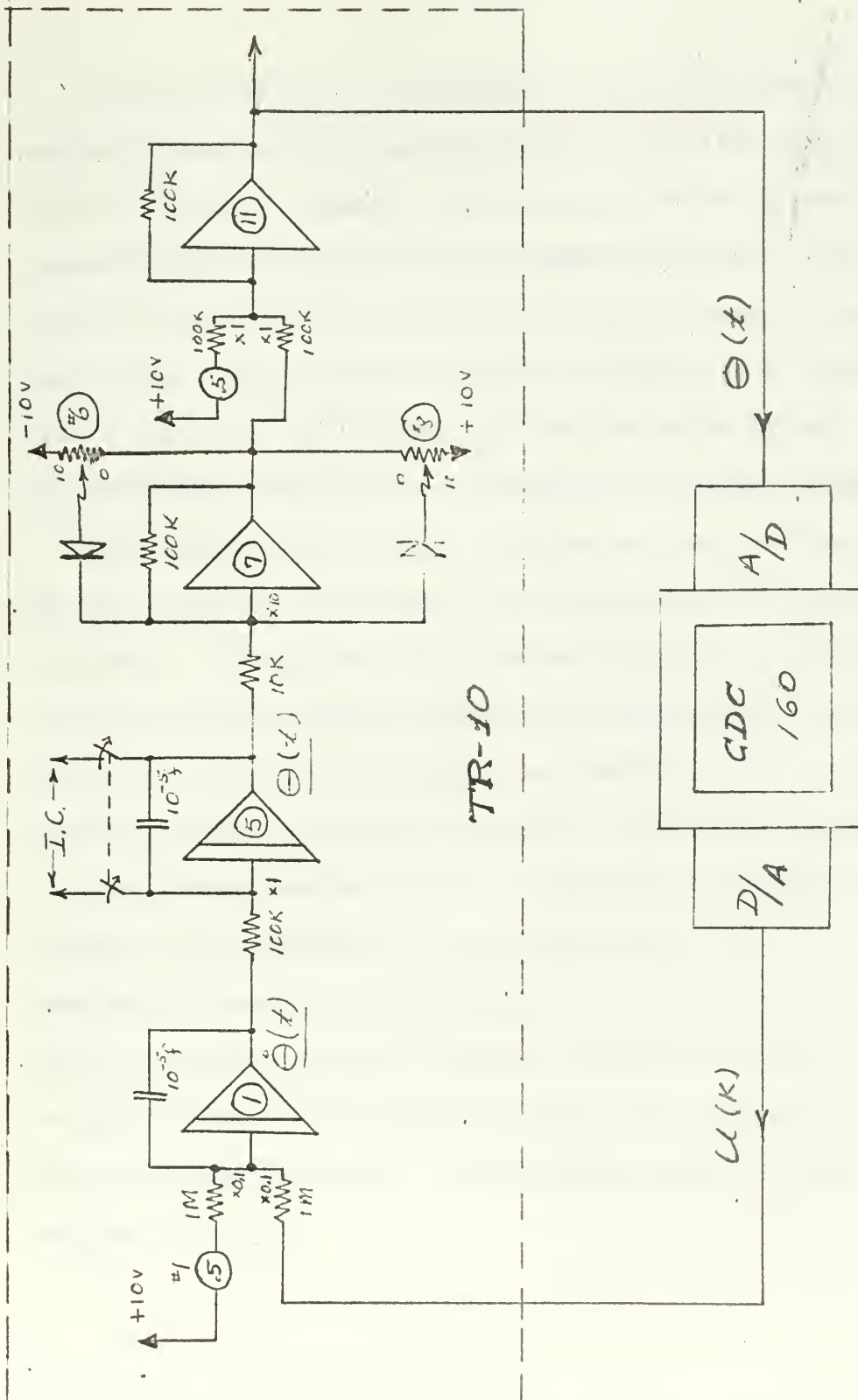


FIGURE 1

HYBRID CONTROL SYSTEM

CHAPTER III

DIGITAL TIME SCALING

Of the factors to be considered in the implementation of a hybrid control system one of the more important is the time scaling of the digital computer. Normally, time is not one of the criterion of digital computer programming, but when the computer is used as part of a control system, it must be time scaled to be compatible with the remainder of the system. Often this time scaling is referred to as computing in "real" time; that is, the time scale of the analog system. The following discussion presents some of the aspects of digital time scaling.

All digital programs must be written so that the time required for the program is independent of the magnitude of any input or computed variables. In many cases this involves padding the shorter paths to equalize all path times to that of the longest path in a particular operation. As a note of caution, care should be exercised to avoid a prohibitive delay which would negate the value of the program.

Any library routine used in a compensation program must meet this constant time requirement. In most cases this was not one of the original requirements, meaning the routine must be rewritten. This has been done for the floating point add, subtract, multiply and divide and the fixed-to-floating point and floating-to-fixed point conversion routines. These are presented in App. I as the Constant Time Floating Point Arithmetic Package.

In writing constant time programs for the CDC 160 the cycle time was used as a basis. Each of the CDC 160 instructions requires one to three cycle times for execution. By writing programs so that all possible paths contain the same number of cycles the constant time requirement was satisfied. Knowing the cycle time, the program time was calculated.

Although Ref. 1 states the cycle time for the CDC 160 is 6.4 microseconds, it was found that the actual time may vary slightly from that value. In the case of programs which contain several hundred cycles the difference may become significant. By timing the below program, which contains 20×10^6 cycles, with a stopwatch the cycle time may be determined.

1000	2600	lcc 00	1010	2200	ldc 00
1001	2341	2341	1011	4512	4512
1002	4213	stf 13	1012	0701	sbn 01
1003	2600	lcc 00	1013	6501	nzb 01
1004	7640	7640	1014	7700	hlt
1005	4211	stf 11	1015	0000	
1006	5610	aof 10	1016	0000	
1007	6501	nzb 01			

As another consequence of the constant time requirement, any satellite equipment used with the computer must be tested for operation time. To illustrate, consider the analog to digital converter. There is a time delay between the time an input is called and the time the input is inserted into the computer. During this delay the computer cannot be used for other purposes. This time delay must be found so that it can be taken into consideration in computing total program time. To determine the delay, run a program of the input routine repeated several times and with a stopwatch time the program. Knowing

The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the
 research and the objectives of the study. It also outlines the
 methodology used in the study and the results obtained. The
 second part of the paper discusses the implications of the
 findings and the conclusions drawn from the study. It also
 discusses the limitations of the study and the areas for
 further research. The paper concludes with a summary of the
 findings and the conclusions drawn from the study.

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the total number of analog to digital conversions and the time for these conversions, the time per conversion can be calculated. A similar procedure can be used to determine the digital to analog conversion time.



CHAPTER IV

HYBRID CONTROL POLICY

1. Theory

The process description is

$$\dot{\theta} = F \underline{\theta}(K) + \underline{D} U(K) \quad \text{IV-1}$$

where $F = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\underline{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$,

and in sampled form is

$$\underline{\theta}(K+1) = e^{FT} \underline{\theta}(K) + \Delta_n U(n) \quad \text{IV-2}$$

Let $\bar{a} = e^{FT} = I + FT + \frac{(FT)^2}{2} + \dots$

$$\bar{a} = I + FT + (F)(F) \frac{T^2}{2} + \dots$$

gives $\bar{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & T \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ IV-3

$$\begin{aligned} \text{and } \Delta_n &= \int_0^T e^{F(T-t)} \underline{D} dt \\ &= \int_0^T \begin{bmatrix} 1 & T \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} dt = \int_0^T \begin{bmatrix} t \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} dt = \begin{bmatrix} T^2/2 \\ T \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad \text{IV-4}$$

Substituting into the process equation, we obtain

$$\underline{\theta}(K+1) = \bar{a} \underline{x}(K) + \underline{U}(K) \quad \text{IV-5}$$

It is now desired to get the reference position in 2 samples

$$\underline{\theta}(1) = \bar{a} \underline{\theta}(0) + \underline{U}(0)$$

$$\underline{\theta}(2) = \bar{a} \underline{\theta}(1) + \underline{U}(1) = 0$$

$$\underline{\theta} = \bar{a} (\bar{a} \underline{x}(0) + \underline{U}(0)) + \underline{U}(1)$$

$$\underline{\theta} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2T \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \underline{x}(0) + \begin{bmatrix} 3T^2/2 \\ T \end{bmatrix} \underline{U}(0) + \begin{bmatrix} T^2/2 \\ T \end{bmatrix} \underline{U}(1) \quad \text{IV-6}$$

Letting $\underline{U}_n = -a_1 \underline{\theta}(n) - a_2 \dot{\underline{\theta}}(n)$, and IV-7

expanding IV-7

$$\underline{\theta}(0) + 2T \dot{\underline{\theta}}(0) = -\frac{3}{2} T^2 U(0) - \frac{T^2}{2} U(1) \quad \text{IV-6a}$$

$$\dot{\underline{\theta}}(0) = T U(0) + T U(1) \quad (\times T/2) \quad \text{IV-6b}$$

Simultaneous solution of these equations gives

$$U(0) = -\frac{\underline{\theta}(0)}{T^2} - \frac{3 \dot{\underline{\theta}}(0)}{2T}$$

or generally, $U(K) = - \frac{e(K)}{T^2} - \frac{3 \dot{e}(K)}{2T}$,

IV-8

the desired control policy. This policy will force the second order system to its reference position in two sampling periods (2T). (The sampling period (T) should not be confused with that alluded to in the state generator discussion in App. II)

2. Memory Required

All lower memory, except 70-77.

Upper memory - 1648 cells.

3. Subroutines Required

Floating Point Arithmetic Package.

State Generator Program with the "Divide-by-Four" subroutine which it requires.

4. Special Features

The sampling period (T) is adjusted by manually entering the desired counting value in cell 2430 (as the program is herein listed). 1712 for T=1 second, and 730 for T= $\frac{1}{2}$ second.

When the sampling period T is changed, the equivalent floating point number must be entered into cells 50 and 51, and its square into cells 52 and 53. These entries give the proper gain value for the chosen sampling period.

5. CDC 160 Computer Control Program

The program to implement the control policy follows.

Summary of Cell Allocations

(including detail of lower memory)

0100 - 1703 floating point arithmetic package
1704 - 1730 Divide-by-4
1731 - 1760 2T/3 computation
1761 - 2303 State generator
2304 - 2414 Control Policy including output

Lower Memory

01-04 floating point arguments
06 program loop-closing jump (to 1761)
07 subroutine return jumps
10-1 UU & L floating point forcing fct
12-3 TE2U & L $3\bar{\theta}/2T$
14-5 TE1U & L θ/T^2
16-7 2TD3U & L $3/2T$
20 U forcing function
21-2-3 $\theta A, \theta B, \theta C$
24-5 $\theta B - \theta A, \theta C - \theta B$, resp.
26 $(\theta C - \theta B) - (\theta B - \theta A)$
30-1 $(\theta B - \theta A)$ U & L
32-3 $\theta E D U$ & L
34-5 $(\theta C - \theta B)$ U & L
36-7 $\theta C D U$ & L
40-1 $(\theta C - \theta B) - (\theta B - \theta A)$ U & L
42-3 $\theta C D D U$ & L
44-5 $\Delta T U$ & L
46-7 $\Delta T^2 U$ & L
50-1 $T U$ & L
52-3 $T^2 U$ & L
54-5 $2 U$ & L
56-7 $3 U$ & L
61 Divided by 4 (1704)
62 FSB 0317
63 FAD 0335
64 FMU 1315
65 FDV 1533
66 FIX-FLO 0100
67 FLO-FIX 0162

Unused

00, 05, 27 & 60

FORM 2T/3

1731	2054	ldd	54
1732	4001	std	01
1733	2055	ldd	55
1734	4002	std	02
1735	2050	ldd	50
1736	4003	std	03
1737	2051	ldd	51
1740	4004	std	04

1741	0101	pta	
1742	0604	adn	04
1743	4007	std	07
1744	7064	jpi	64
1745	2056	ldd	56
1746	4003	std	03
1747	2057	ldd	57
1750	4004	std	04

1751	0101	pta	
1752	0604	adn	04
1753	4007	std	07
1754	7065	jpi	65
1755	2001	ldd	01
1756	4016	std	16
1757	2002	ldd	02
1760	4017	std	17

Continue into the main loop of the State Generator.



CONTROL POLICY

2304 0101 pta
2305 0605 adn 05
2306 4007 std 07
2307 2023 ldd 23

2310 7066 jpi 66
2311 2052 ldd 52
2312 4003 std 03
2313 2053 ldd 53
2314 4004 std 04
2315 0101 pta
2316 0604 adn 04
2317 4007 std 07

EC to floating point

2320 7065 jpi 65
2321 2001 ldd 01
2322 4014 std 14
2323 2002 ldd 02
2324 4015 std 15
2325 2036 ldd 36
2326 4001 std 01
2327 2037 ldd 37

$\theta(K)/T^2$

2330 4002 std 02
2331 2016 ldd 16
2332 4003 std 03
2333 2017 ldd 17
2334 4004 std 04
2335 0101 pta
2336 0604 adn 04
2337 4007 std 07

2340 7065 jpi 65
2341 2001 ldd 01
2342 4012 std 12
2343 2002 ldd 02
2344 4013 std 13
2345 2014 ldd 14
2346 4003 std 03
2347 2015 ldd 15

$\theta \text{ DOT}/(2T/3)$

2350	4004	std 04
2351	0101	pta
2352	0604	adn 04
2353	4007	std 07
2354	7063	jpi 63
2355	2001	ldd 01
2356	4010	std 10
2357	2002	ldd 02

• add to form -U

2360	4011	std 11
2361	0101	pta
2362	0604	adn 04
2363	4007	std 07
2364	7067	jpi 67
2365	1600	scc
2366	7777	7777
2367	4020	std 20

-U to fixed point

complement gives +U

2370	7500	exf 00
2371	2401	2401
2372	7304	out 04
2373	0021	0021
2374	6103	nzf 03
2375	6002	zjf 02
2376	0020	0020
2377	2200	ldc 00

output U

2400	1712	1712
2401	4211	stf 11
2402	2200	ldf 00
2403	0117	0117
2404	0701	sbn 01
2405	6501	nzb 01
2406	2204	ldf 04
2407	0701	sbn 01

2410	6507	nzb 07
2411	6202	pjf 02
2412	0000	0000
2413	7006	jpi 06
2414	7717	hlt 17

jump to close main loop, (0006)=1761

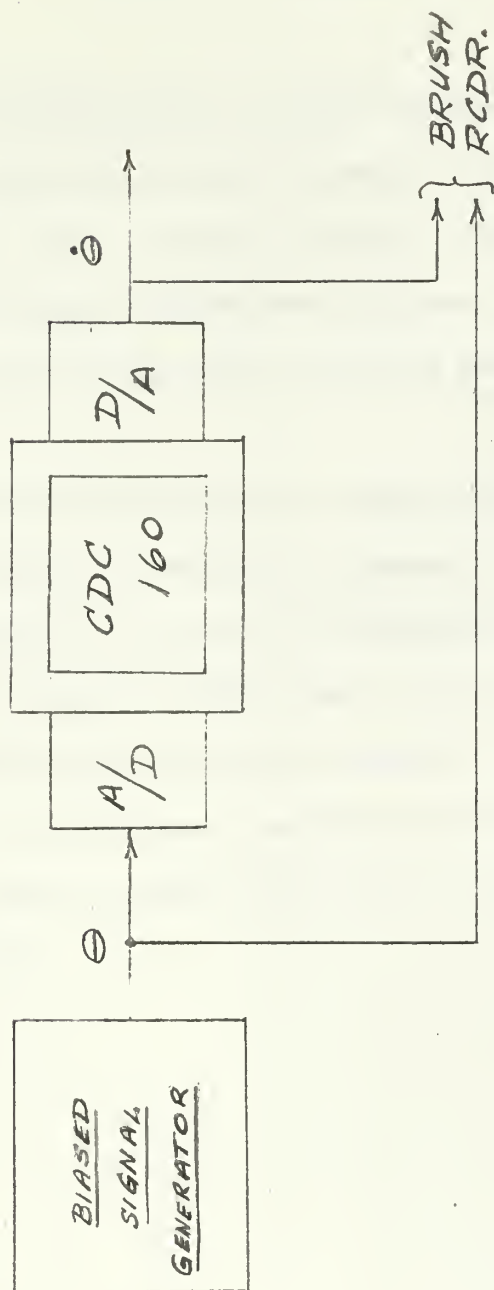


CHAPTER V

PROCEDURE

The programs for generating the state variable (App. II) and control function (Chap. IV) were tested using the circuits shown in Figs. 2 and 1, respectively.

The TR-10 biasing levels, Fig. 2, for closed loop control were very sensitive. A small error yielded completely erroneous results. This was not a problem in the state variable test. The limiter was provided to protect the A/D converter from inputs beyond its range (0 to -10 volts). The linearity of the A/D and D/A was determined to be satisfactory before operating the system. Initial conditions were chosen to avoid saturating the voltage limits (e.g. $U(0) = \theta_0/T^2$); also, saturation of the float-to-fixed point program will occur whenever the floating point number exceeds the largest possible positive and negative fixed point numbers, 3777 and 4000.



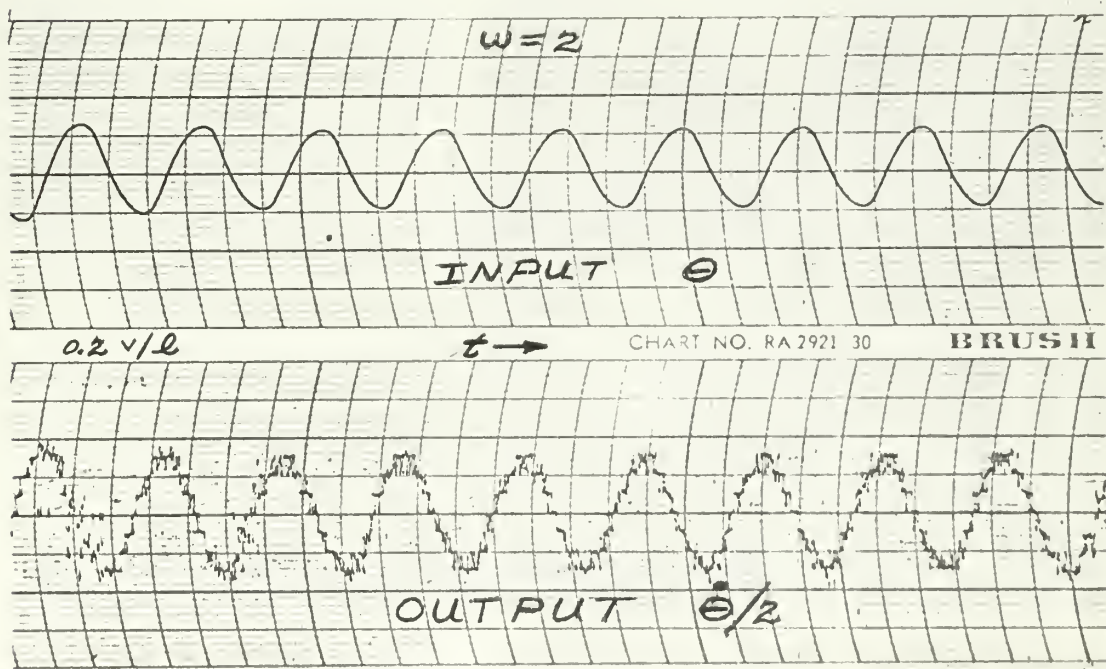
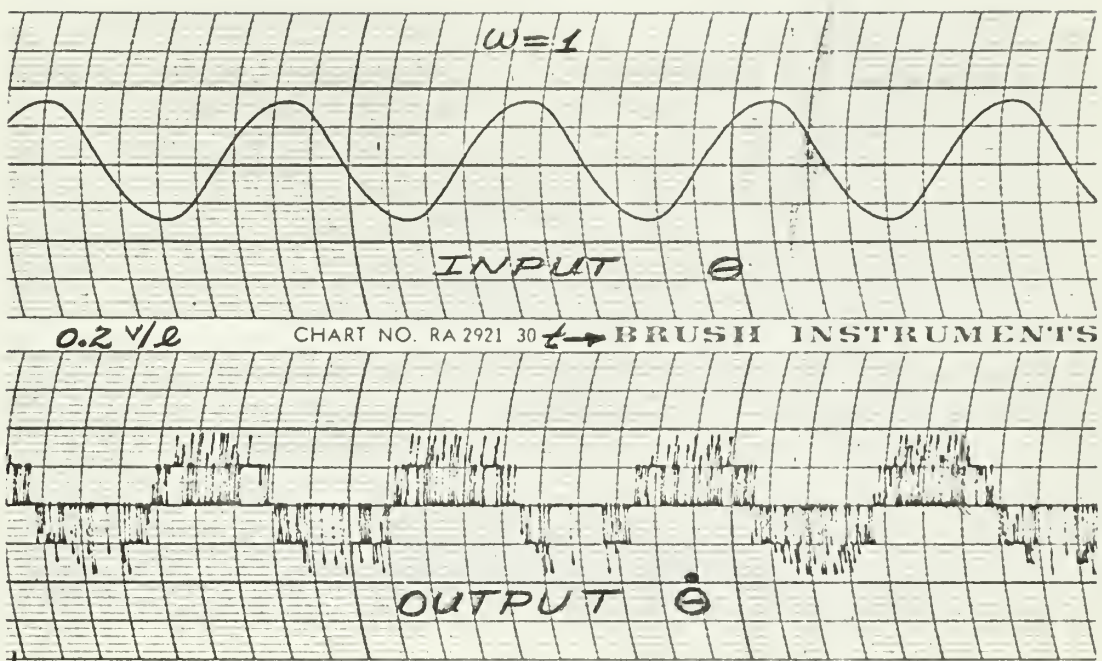
STATE GENERATOR TEST SYSTEM

CHAPTER VI

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The program for generating the first derivative is shown in App. II. Using this program and the system of Fig. 2, the average peak-to-peak noise level is about 2.0 volts. Except for the noise effects, the derivatives obtained were reliable. Any error in amplitude and/or phase being within the noise envelope as shown in Fig. 3.

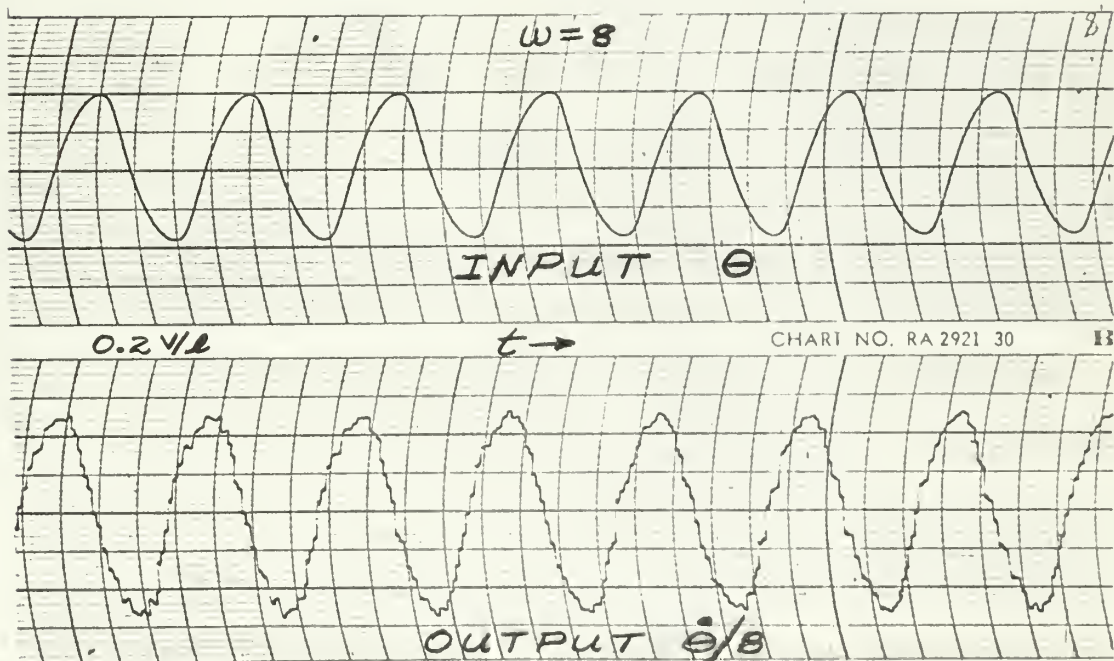
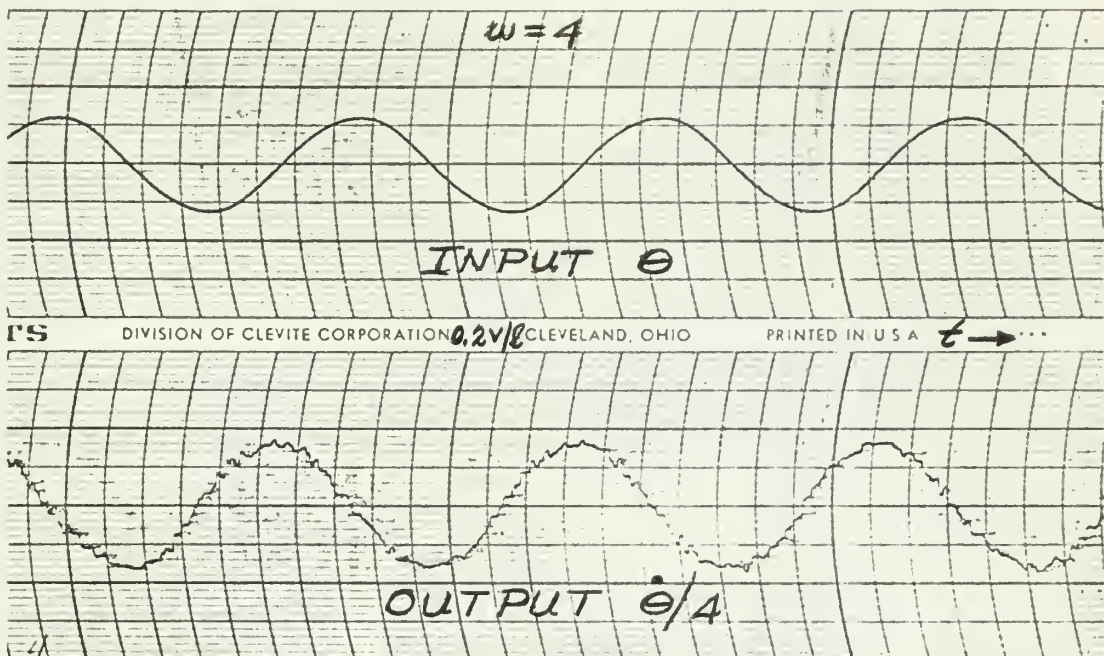
The program for implementing the control policy is shown in Chap. IV. The results of testing this program with an imbedded step are shown in Fig. 4. If noise is relatively low at the instants of sampling, the control is nearly ideal, as in Fig. 4a. However, when noise is appreciable the result obtained is like that shown in Figs. 4b and 4c. Fig. 4b shows the effect of noise making the $\dot{\theta}$ term of the control policy too large, while Fig. 4c shows the effect when $\dot{\theta}$ is made too small.



DERIVATIVE RESULTS

FIGURE 3





DERIVATIVE RESULTS (con't)

FIGURE 3

1871

1872

1873

1874

1875

1876

1877

1878

1879

1880

1881

1882

1883

1884

1885

1886

1887

1888

1889

1890

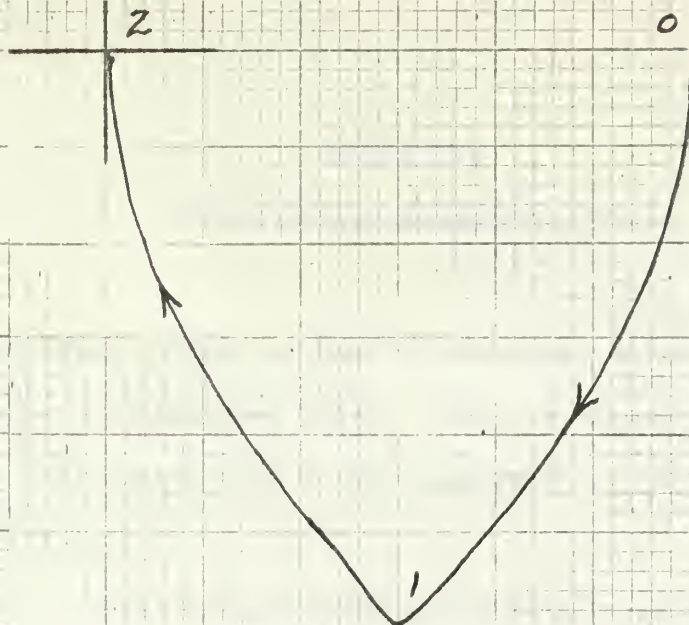


Fig. 4a
IDEAL

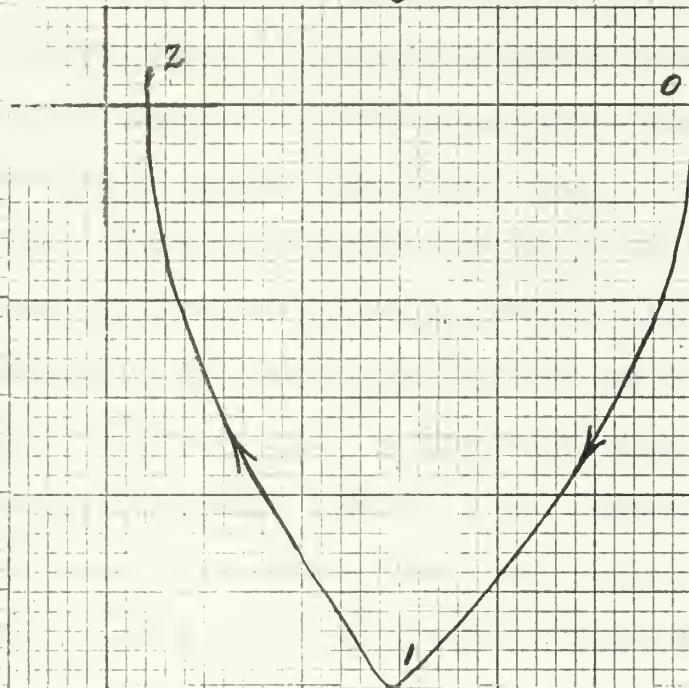


Fig. 4b
 $\dot{\theta}$ TOO LARGE

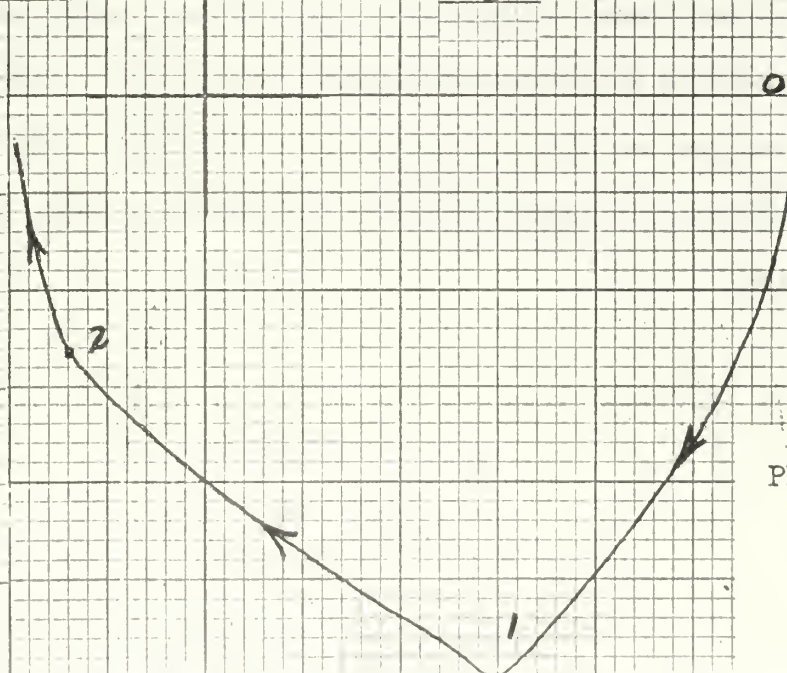


Fig. 4c
 $\dot{\theta}$ TOO SMALL

PHASE TRAJECTORIES OF
THE HYBRID SYSTEM
Figure 4

CHAPTER VII

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The control policy has been demonstrated to be effective when noise is not a significant factor. This is seldom the situation. The policy as implemented here is very sensitive to noise of the level of several millivolts.

It was further demonstrated that a good first derivative could be digitally determined, but is very sensitive to input noise.

It was not possible to determine the major source(s) of noise, but the test signal generator was highly suspect. The generator probably has a high frequency ripple of several millivolts in its output, thus giving the noisy results previously discussed.

Improvement of the results obtained here can be obtained either by eliminating noise or turning to more sophisticated programming, such as predictor-corrector schemes. Noise elimination is all but impractical except in the laboratory. More sophisticated programs will result in much higher "costs" than the programs presented here. These costs will be mainly in computer usage-time and memory space required. Also, while the program utilized here was almost instantaneous, some of the more sophisticated ones may involve significant time (phase) delays for which adjustment will be necessary.

Further investigations along the approach used here should initially determine the noise characteristics of all equipments considered for use in order that excessively noisy signals are not introduced.

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1. Control Data Corporation, CDC 160 Computer Programming Manual.
2. Electronic Associates, Inc., PACE TR-10 Transistorized Analog Computer Operator's Handbook.
3. Lecture Notes, Course EE-414A, H. A. Titus, U. S. Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, California, September 1963.

APPENDIX I

CDC 160 CONSTANT TIME FLOATING POINT

ARITHMETIC PACKAGE

The Constant Time Floating Point Package contains routines for fixed point to floating point and floating point to fixed point conversions and floating point add, subtract, multiply and divide.

These subroutines have been programmed so that the same amount of time is required for each operation regardless of the magnitude of the input quantity. The following paragraphs contain some general information and notes on the package and its use.

1. Floating Point Number Format

The floating point number consists of eight octal digits and requires two storage cells. One cell (lower) contains the significant figures of the number. To form a positive floating point number the fixed point octal number is written in binary form and the binary point shifted to the left of the first significant (one) bit. The octal number of shifts required added to 2000₈ becomes the upper portion of the floating point number. The lower portion is the significant bits in octal form, with the binary point understood to be at the left. To form a negative floating point number the same procedure is followed except the upper and lower portions of the number are "sevens complemented".

Example:

$$3721.8 = 011\ 111\ 010\ 001.2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3721.8 &= .111\ 110\ 100\ 010_2 \times 2^{13}_8 \\ &= .7642_8 \times 2^{13}_8 \end{aligned}$$

The positive floating point number is $\frac{2013}{7642}$ and the negative is $\frac{5764}{0135}$.

2. Significant Figures

This package recognizes the following configurations as zero:

Upper	0000	0000	XXXX
Lower	0000	XXXX	0000

In the interest of conserving time the last significant figure has not been rounded off in any of the routines in this package. In the floating-to-fixed point conversions, if the magnitude of the number exceeds capacity of the computer in fixed point, the output will be 3777₈ if the number is positive or 4000₈ if the number is negative.

3. Cells Required

The package requires the following cells:

- 01 X upper stowage
- 02 X lower stowage
- 03 Y upper stowage
- 04 Y lower stowage
- 07 XXXX return jump address
- 0100 to 1703 floating point package

4. Jump Routines

The following routines are recommended for jumping into the floating point package.

Fixed point to floating point conversion:

0101 pta	XX is the number of the cell in which the
0605 adn 05	fixed point number is stored.
4007 std 07	
20XX ldd XX	YY is the number of the cell in which the
70YY jpi YY	address of the fixed-to-floating point
	routine is stored.

Special Issue on

Bayesian Inference in Quantitative Health Research

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and more. This special issue is a tribute to the many contributions of

Dr. J. B. Kadane, who passed away on November 17, 2004. Dr. Kadane was a leading figure in the field of Bayesian inference in quantitative health research. His work has been instrumental in the development of Bayesian methods for the analysis of clinical trial data. Dr. Kadane's contributions to the field of Bayesian inference in quantitative health research are many and varied. His work has been instrumental in the development of Bayesian methods for the analysis of clinical trial data. Dr. Kadane's contributions to the field of Bayesian inference in quantitative health research are many and varied. His work has been instrumental in the development of Bayesian methods for the analysis of clinical trial data.

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All other operations:

0101 pta XX is the number of the cell in which the
 0604 adn 04 jump address of the operation is stored.
 4007 std 07
 70XX jpi XX

In each case control is returned to the main program at the address following the jpi instruction.

5. Summary

OPERATION (CODE)	JUMP ADDRESS	DESCRIPTION	ANSWER IN	TIME CYCLES
Fixed to floating point conversion. (FX-FL)	0100	(A) \rightarrow X	01 02	167
Floating to fixed point conversion. (FL-FX)	0162	X \rightarrow A	A	216
Floating point subtraction. (FSE)	0317	X - Y	01 02	319
Floating point addition. (FAD)	0323	X + Y	01 02	303
Floating point multiplication (FMU)	1315	X x Y	01 02	674
Floating point division. (FDV)	1533	X / Y	01 02	380

CONSTANT TIME FLOATING POINT ARITHMETIC PACKAGE

0100	4002	std 02	FX-FL. Store fixed point number in cell 02.
0101	0513	lcn 13	Set count 1 with 13.
0102	4255	stf 55	
0103	0400	ldn 00	Zeroize count 2 and cell 01.
0104	4254	stf 54	
0105	4001	std 01	
0106	2002	ldd 02	Store fixed point number for later sign check.
0107	4247	stf 47	
0110	6204	pjf 04	
0111	2402	lcd 02	Number is negative, complement and restore.
0112	4002	std 02	
0113	6204	pjf 04	
0114	0401	ldn 01	Add one to count 2 to equalize positive and negative paths.
0115	4243	stf 43	
0116	2002	ldd 02	
0117	6033	zjf 33	If number is zero jump forward.
0120	5401	aod 01	Shift cell 02 until first bit is a one bit.
0121	5636	aof 36	For each shift add one to cell 01 and
0122	4402	srd 02	count 1. Cell 02 now contains the lower
0123	6603	pjb 03	part of the floating point number.
0124	2200	ldc 00	Subtract cell 01 from 2014 to form the upper
0125	2014		part of the floating point number and
0126	3401	sbd 01	restore.
0127	4001	std 01	
0130	2226	ldf 26	Check sign of original number.
0131	6205	pjf 05	
0132	2401	lcd 01	Number is negative, complement upper and
0133	4001	std 01	lower parts and restore.
0134	2402	lcd 02	
0135	4002	std 02	
0136	2222	ldf 22	Form count. Count = Number of delay loops
0137	3620	sbf 20	= Count 2 - Count 1
0140	4221	stf 21	
0141	6010	zjf 10	No delay loops are necessary.
0142	2217	ldf 17	Delay loops to equalize time.
0143	0701	sbn 01	
0144	4215	stf 15	
0145	0300	nop	
0146	0300	nop	
0147	0300	nop	

THE ANNALS OF THE ROYAL SOCIETY OF MEDICINE

<p>THE</p> <p>ANNALS OF THE</p> <p>ROYAL SOCIETY OF MEDICINE</p>	<p>1851</p> <p>1852</p> <p>1853</p>
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<p>THE</p> <p>ANNALS OF THE</p> <p>ROYAL SOCIETY OF MEDICINE</p>	<p>1875</p> <p>1876</p> <p>1877</p>
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0150	6506	nzb 06	
0151	7007	jpi 07	Return jump to main program.
0152	0415	ldn 15	Form count for fixed point number
0153	0300	nop	equal to zero.
0154	0300	nop	
0155	6615	pjb 15	
0156	0000		Sign check stowage.
0157	0000		Count 1 stowage. Count 1 = 13 - No. of shifts.
0160	0000		Count 2 stowage.
0161	0000		Count stowage.
0162	2001	ldd 01	FL-FX. Load upper part of floating point
0163	4260	stf 60	number and store as sign check.
0164	6305	njf 05	
0165	0404	ldn 04	Number is positive. Time delay to equalize
0166	0701	sbn 01	positive and negative paths.
0167	6501	nzb 01	
0170	6005	zjf 05	
0171	2401	lcd 01	Number is negative. Complement upper and
0172	4001	std 01	lower parts and restore.
0173	2402	lcd 02	
0174	4002	std 02	
0175	2002	ldd 02	
0176	6051	zjf 51	If number is zero jump to 0247.
0177	2001	ldd 01	
0200	3600	sbc 00	Subtract 2000 to find exponent. If positive
0201	2000	2000	store on shift.
0202	6046	zjf 46	Exponent is zero. Jump to 0250.
0203	6346	njf 46	Exponent is negative. Jump to 0251.
0204	4240	stf 40	
0205	0714	sbn 14	Subtract 14 from shift and stow result
0206	4237	stf 37	in count. Count = No. delay loops.
0207	6202	pjf 02	If count is positive, number will exceed
0210	6302	njf 02	capacity. Jump to 0252.
0211	6141	nzf 41	
0212	0400	ldn 00	
0213	4233	stf 33	Zeroize mask and form complement of shift.
0214	2630	lcf 30	
0215	4227	stf 27	
0216	4402	srd 02	Shift cell 02 shift number of times. At
0217	4627	srf 27	same time form mask.
0220	5626	aof 26	
0221	5623	aof 23	
0222	6504	nzb 04	
0223	2222	ldf 22	Delay loops to equalize time.
0224	6006	zjf 06	
0225	0404	ldn 04	
0226	0701	sbn 01	
0227	6501	nzb 01	

0230 5615 aof 15
 0231 6504 nzb 04
 0232 2002 ldd 02
 0233 1213 lpf 13
 0234 4002 std 02
 0235 2206 ldf 06
 0236 6303 njf 03
 0237 2002 ldd 02

Mask cell 02 and restore. Cell 02 contains the fixed point number.

Check sign of original number. If negative complement and load in A register. If positive load in A register. Re-

0240 7007 jpi 07
 0241 2402 lcd 02
 0242 7007 jpi 07
 0243 0000
 0244 0000
 0245 0000
 0246 0000
 0247 6004 zjf 04

turn jump to main program.

Check stowage.
 Shift stowage.
 Count stowage.
 Mask stowage.
 Jump to 0253.

0250 6012 zjf 12
 0251 6342 njf 24
 0252 6132 nzf 32
 0253 2200 ldc 00
 0254 0137 0137
 0255 0701 sbn 01
 0256 6501 nzb 01
 0257 0300 nop

Jump to 0262.

Jump to 0275.

Jump to 0304.

Floating point number is zero. Load zero in A register, delay and return jump to main program.

0260 0400 ldn 00
 0261 7007 jpi 07
 0262 2200 ldc 00
 0263 0133 0133
 0264 0701 sbn 01
 0265 6501 nzb 01
 0266 0300 nop
 0267 2324 ldb 24

Floating point number is larger than 0.5 and less than 1. Load 0001 in A register, delay, and return jump to main program.

0270 6303 njf 03
 0271 0401 ldn 01
 0272 7007 jpi 07
 0273 0501 lcn 01
 0274 7007 jpi 07
 0275 2200 ldc 00
 0276 0134 0134
 0277 0701 sbn 01

Floating point number is greater than zero but less than 0.5. Load zero in A register, delay and return jump to main program.

0300 6501 nzb 01
 0301 0300 nop
 0302 0400 ldn 00
 0303 7007 jpi 07
 0304 2200 ldc 00
 0305 0126 0126
 0306 0701 sbn 01
 0307 6501 nzb 01

Floating point number exceeds capacity of computer. If number is positive load 3777 in A register, if negative load 4000, delay, and return jump to main

0310 2345 ldb 45
 0311 6304 njf 04
 0312 2200 lldc 00
 0313 3777 3777
 0314 7007 jpi 07
 0315 2702 lcb 02
 0316 7007 jpi 07
 0317 2003 ldd 03

program.

FSB. Zero check Y upper and lower. If

0320 6104 nzf 04
 0321 4003 std 03
 0322 0300 nop
 0323 6003 zjf 03
 0324 2403 lcd 03
 0325 4003 std 03
 0326 2004 ldd 04
 0327 6104 nzf 04

either are zero jump to FAD. If both are non-zero, complement, restore and jump to FAD.

0330 4004 std 04
 0331 0300 nop
 0332 6003 zjf 03
 0333 2404 lcd 04
 0334 4004 std 04
 0335 2001 ldd 01
 0336 6017 zjf 17
 0337 6353 njf 53

FAD. Sign and zero check X.

0340 2002 ldd 02
 0341 6016 zjf 16
 0342 2003 ldd 03
 0343 6042 zjf 42
 0344 6305 njf 05
 0345 2004 ldd 04
 0346 6041 zjf 41
 0347 7101 jfi 01

X is positive and non-zero. Sign and zero check Y.

X and Y are positive and non-zero. Jump

0350 1077 1077
 0351 2004 ldd 04
 0352 6035 zjf 35
 0353 7101 jfi 01
 0354 0653 0653
 0355 2001 ldd 01
 0356 2001 ldd 01
 0357 2003 ldd 03

to 1077.

X is positive and Y is negative. Both are non-zero. Jump to 0653.

Time delay. NOTE: X is zero for 0355 to 0404.

Zero check Y upper.

0360 6105 nzf 05
 0361 0402 ldn 02
 0362 0701 sbn 01
 0363 6501 nzb 01
 0364 6010 zjf 10
 0365 4001 std 01
 0366 2004 ldd 04
 0367 6006 zjf 06

Time delay.

Y upper non-zero. Store in cell 01.
 Zero check Y lower.



0370	4002	std 02	Y lower is non-zero. Store in cell 02.
0371	2200	ldc 00	Answer is now in cells 01 and 02. Delay
0372	0213	0213	and return jump to main program.
0373	0300	nop	
0374	6106	nzf 06	
0375	0400	ldn 00	Answer is zero. Load zero in cells 01 and
0376	4001	std 01	02, delay and return jump to main
0377	4002	std 02	program.
0400	2200	ldc 00	
0401	0212	0212	
0402	0701	sbn 01	
0403	6501	nzb 01	
0404	7007	jpi 07	
0405	2003	ldd 03	Y is zero. Delay and return jump to main
0406	2003	ldd 03	program.
0407	2200	ldc 00	
0410	0216	0210	
0411	6507	nzb 07	
0412	2002	ldd 02	Zero check X lower. NOTE: X is negative
0413	6434	zjb 34	for 0412 to 0424.
0414	2003	ldd 03	Zero and sign check Y upper.
0415	6410	zjb 10	
0416	6205	pjf 05	
0417	2004	ldd 04	Y is negative. Zero check Y lower.
0420	6411	zjb 11	
0421	7101	jfi 01	X and Y are negative. Jump to 1105.
0422	1105	1105	
0423	2004	ldd 04	Y is positive. Zero check Y lower.
0424	6415	zjb 15	
0425	2401	lcd 01	Subtract upper parts and store result
0426	3403	sbd 03	in count 1. NOTE: 0425 to 0652 is
0427	4275	stf 75	X negative and Y positive routine.
0430	6077	zjf 77	Exponents equal. Jump to 0527.
0431	6277	pjf 77	X exponent larger. Jump to 0530.
0432	0614	adn 14	Add 14 to count 1 to form shift.
0433	6056	zjf 56	Y is much larger than X. Jump to 0511.
0434	6356	njf 56	
0435	1600	scc 00	Complement and restore shift.
0436	7777	7777	
0437	4266	stf 66	
0440	0400	ldn 00	Zeroize mask.
0441	4265	stf 65	
0442	4402	srd 02	Shift X lower to equalize exponents.
0443	4663	srf 63	Form mask. No. of shifts = shift.
0444	5662	aof 62	
0445	5660	aof 60	
0446	6504	nzb 04	
0447	2402	lcd 02	Mask and restore X lower.

0450	1256	lpf 56	
0451	4002	std 02	
0452	0513	lcn 13	Load -13 in count 2.
0453	4253	stf 53	
0454	2004	ldd 04	Subtract X and Y lower and store result
0455	3402	sbd 02	on cell 02.
0456	4002	std 02	
0457	6206	pjf 06	
0460	2003	ldd 03	First bit is a one bit. No shift is
0461	4001	std 01	necessary. Store exponent in cell
0462	0401	ldn 01	01. Time delay.
0463	0701	sbn 01	
0464	6010	zjf 10	
0465	5641	aof 41	Shift cell 02 until first bit is a one
0466	4402	srd 02	bit. Modify count 2 for each shift.
0467	6602	pjb 02	
0470	2636	lcf 36	Form exponent and store in cell 01.
0471	0713	sbn 13	
0472	3003	add 03	
0473	4001	std 01	
0474	2230	ldf 30	Zero check count 1.
0475	6006	zjf 06	
0476	0404	ldn 04	Count 1 delay loops.
0477	0701	sbn 01	
0500	6501	nzb 01	
0501	5623	aof 23	
0502	6504	nzb 04	
0503	2223	ldf 23	Zero check count 2.
0504	6004	zjf 04	
0505	4220	stf 20	Count 2 dealy loops.
0506	5620	aof 20	
0507	6502	nzb 02	
0510	7007	jpi 07	Return jump to main program.
0511	0300	nop	Y is much greater than X. Load Y in
0512	2003	ldd 03	cells 01 and 02, dealy and re-
0513	4001	std 01	turn jump to main program.
0514	2004	ldd 04	
0515	4002	std 02	
0516	2200	ldc 00	
0517	0204	0204	
0520	0300	nop	
0521	0701	sbn 01	
0522	6501	nzb 01	
0523	7007	jpi 07	
0524	0000		Count 1 stowage.
0525	0000		Shift stowage.
0526	0000		Mask and count 2 stowage.
0527	6055	zjf 55	Exponents equal. Jump to 0604.



0530	0714	sbn 14	X exponent larger. Form shift.
0531	4304	stb 04	
0532	6244	pjf 44	X is much larger than Y. Jump to 0576.
0533	0400	ldn 00	Zeroize mask.
0534	4306	stb 06	
0535	4404	srd 04	Shift Y lower to equalize exponents.
0536	4710	srb 10	Form mask. No. of shifts = shift.
0537	5711	aob 11	
0540	5713	aob 13	
0541	6504	nzb 04	
0542	2004	ldd 04	Mask and restore Y lower.
0543	1315	lpb 15	
0544	4004	std 04	
0545	0513	lcn 13	Load -13 in count 2.
0546	4320	stb 20	
0547	2402	lcd 02	Subtract X and Y lower and store re-
			sult in cell 02.
0550	3404	sbd 04	
0551	4002	std 02	
0552	6205	pjf 05	
0553	0402	ldn 02	Time delay.
0554	0701	sbn 01	
0555	6501	nzb 01	
0556	6007	zjf 07	
0557	5731	aob 31	Shift cell 02 until first bit is a
			one bit. Modify count 2 for each
0560	4402	srd 02	shift.
0561	6602	pjb 02	
0562	2334	ldb 34	Form exponent and store in cell 01.
0563	0613	adn 13	
0564	5001	rad 01	
0565	2402	lcd 02	Answer is negative. Complement and
0566	4002	std 02	restore cell 02.
0567	2743	lcb 43	Modify count 1 to equalize delay.
0570	0601	adn 01	
0571	4345	stb 45	
0572	2200	ldc 00	Modify program for proper jump.
0573	6531	6531	
0574	4347	stb 47	Jump back to counts 1 and 2 dealy loops.
0575	6550	nzb 50	
0576	2200	ldc 00	X much larger than Y delay.
0577	0207	0207	
0600	0300	nop	
0601	0701	sbn 01	
0602	6501	nzb 01	
0603	7007	jpi 07	
0604	0515	lcn 15	X and Y exponents equal. Form count 3.
0605	4245	stf 45	
0606	2402	lcd 02	Subtract X and Y lower and store in
0607	3404	sbd 04	cell 02.



0610	4002	std 02	
0611	6105	nzf 05	
0612	4001	std 01	X and Y are equal. Answer is zero. Jump
0613	2200	ldc 00	to delay routine.
0614	0201	0201	
0615	6134	nzf 34	
0616	6314	njf 14	
0617	5633	aof 33	X is greater than Y. Left shift cell 02
0620	4402	srd 02	until first bit is a one bit. Modify
0621	6602	pjb 02	count 3 for each shift.
0622	2402	lcd 02	
0623	4002	std 02	
0624	2226	ldf 26	Form exponent and store in cell 01.
0625	0615	adn 15	
0626	5001	rad 01	
0627	0300	nop	Time delay.
0630	0400	ldn 00	
0631	6013	zjf 13	
0632	2402	lcd 02	X is less than Y. Left shift cell 02
0633	4002	std 02	until first bit is a one bit.
0634	5616	aof 16	Modify count 3 for each shift.
0635	4402	srd 02	
0636	6602	pjb 02	
0637	2613	lcf 13	Form exponent and store in cell 01.
0640	0715	sbn 15	
0641	3003	add 03	
0642	4001	std 01	
0643	0300	nop	Count 3 delay loops.
0644	5606	aof 06	
0645	4205	stf 05	
0646	6502	nzb 02	
0647	2200	ldc 00	Time delay.
0650	0117	0117	
0651	6551	nzb 51	
0652	0000		Count 3 stowage.
0653	2403	lcd 03	Subtract upper parts and store result in
0654	3401	sbd 01	count 1. NOTE: X is positive and Y is
0655	4267	stf 67	for 0653 to 1076.
0656	6071	zjf 71	Exponents equal. Jump to 0747.
0657	6271	pjf 71	Y larger than X. Jump to 0750.
0660	0614	adn 14	Add 14 to count 1 to form shift.
0661	6054	zjf 54	X is much larger than Y. Jump to 0735.
0662	6354	njf 54	
0663	1600	scc 00	Complement and restore shift.
0664	7777	7777	
0665	4260	stf 60	
0666	0400	ldn 00	Zeroize mask.
0667	4257	stf 57	

0670	4404	srd 04	Shift Y lower to equalize exponents.
0671	4655	srf 55	Form mask. No. shifts = Shift.
0672	5654	aof 54	
0673	5652	aof 52	
0674	6504	nzb 04	
0675	2404	lcd 04	Mask and restore Y lower.
0676	1250	lpf 50	
0677	4004	std 04	
0700	0513	lcn 13	Load -13 in count 2.
0701	4245	stf 45	
0702	2002	ldd 02	Subtract lower parts and store in
0703	3404	sbd 04	cell 02.
0704	4002	std 02	
0705	6205	pjf 05	
0706	0402	ldn 02	First bit is a one bit. No shift is
0707	0701	sbn 01	needed. Time delay.
0710	6501	nzb 01	
0711	6007	zjf 07	
0712	5634	aof 34	Left shift cell 02 until first bit is
0713	4402	srd 02	a one bit. Modify count 2 for each
0714	6602	pjb 02	shift.
0715	2631	lcf 31	Form exponent and store in cell 01.
0716	0713	sbn 13	
0717	5001	rad 01	
0720	2224	ldf 24	Zero check count 1.
0721	6006	zjf 06	
0722	0404	ldn 04	Count 1 delay loops.
0723	0701	sbn 01	
0724	6501	nzb 01	
0725	5617	aof 17	
0726	6504	nzb 04	
0727	2217	ldf 17	Zero check count 2.
0730	6004	zjf 04	
0731	4214	stf 14	Count 2 delay loops.
0732	5614	aof 14	
0733	6502	nzb 02	
0734	7007	jpi 07	Return jump to main program.
0735	0300	nop	X is much larger than Y. Delay and
0736	2200	ldc 00	return jump to main program.
0737	0207	0207	
0740	0300	nop	
0741	0701	sbn 01	
0742	6501	nzb 01	
0743	7007	jpi 07	
0744	0000		Count 1 storage.
0745	0000		Shift storage.
0746	0000		Mask and count 2 storage.
0747	6062	zjf 62	Exponents equal. Jump to 1017.

0750	0714	sbn 14	
0751	4304	stb 04	
0752	6245	pjf 45	Y much larger than X. Jump to 1017.
0753	0400	ldn 00	Zeroize mask.
0754	4306	stb 06	
0755	4402	srd 02	Shift X lower to equalize exponents.
0756	4710	srb 10	Form mask. No. shifts = Shift.
0757	5711	aob 11	
0760	5713	aob 13	
0761	6504	nzb 04	
0762	2002	ldd 02	Mask and restore X lower.
0763	1315	lpb 15	
0764	4002	std 02	
0765	0513	lcn 13	Load -13 in count 2.
0766	4320	stb 20	
0767	2404	lcd 04	Subtract lower parts and store result
0770	3402	sbd 02	in cell 02.
0771	4002	std 02	
0772	6205	pjf 05	First bit is a one bit. No shift is
0773	2003	ldd 03	necessary. Store exponent in cell
0774	4001	std 01	01.
0775	2003	ldd 03	Time delay.
0776	6110	nzf 10	
0777	5731	aob 31	Left shift cell 02 until first bit is
1000	4402	srd 02	a one bit. Modify count 2 for each
1001	6602	pjb 02	shift.
1002	2334	ldb 34	Form exponent and store in cell 01.
1003	0613	adn 13	
1004	3003	add 03	
1005	4001	std 01	
1006	2402	lcd 02	Complement and restore cell 02.
1007	4002	std 02	
1010	2744	lcb 44	Modify count 1 to equalize time delay.
1011	0601	adn 01	
1012	4346	stb 46	
1013	0300	nop	Jump to count 1 and 2 delay loops.
1014	6002	zjf 02	
1015	6575	nzb 75	
1016	6476	zjb 76	
1017	2003	ldd 03	Y is much larger than X. Store Y in
1020	4001	std 01	cells 01 and 02, delay and return
1021	2004	ldd 04	jump to main program.
1022	4002	std 02	
1023	2200	ldc 00	
1024	0201	0201	
1025	0300	nop	
1026	0701	sbn 01	
1027	6501	nzb 01	

1030	7007	jpi 07	
1031	0515	lcn 15	Load -15 in count 3.
1032	4244	stf 44	
1033	2404	lcd 04	Subtract lower parts and store result
1034	3402	sbd 02	in cell 02.
1035	4002	std 02	
1036	6105	nzf 05	
1037	4001	std 01	X and Y are equal. Answer is zero. Jump
1040	2200	ldc 00	to delay routine.
1041	0201	0201	
1042	6514	nzb 14	
1043	6213	pjf 13	X is larger than Y. Shift complement
1044	2402	lcd 02	02 until first bit is a one bit.
1045	4002	std 02	Modify count 3 for each shift.
1046	5630	aof 30	
1047	4402	srd 02	
1050	6602	pjb 02	
1051	2625	lcf 25	Form exponent and store in cell 01.
1052	0715	sbn 15	
1053	5001	rad 01	
1054	0300	nop	
1055	6212	pjf 12	
1056	5620	aof 20	Y is larger than X. Shift cell 02
1057	4402	srd 02	until first bit is a one bit.
1060	6602	pjb 02	Modify count 3 for each shift.
1061	2402	lcd 02	Complement and restore cell 02.
1062	4002	std 02	
1063	2213	ldf 13	Form exponent and store in cell 01.
1064	0615	adn 15	
1065	3003	add 03	
1066	4001	std 01	
1067	2207	ldf 07	Count 3 delay loops.
1070	0601	adn 01	
1071	4205	stf 05	
1072	6503	nzb 03	
1073	2200	ldc 00	Time delay.
1074	0116	0116	
1075	6547	nzb 47	
1076	0000		Count 3 stowage.
1077	0411	ldn 11	X and Y are positive. Delay and store
1100	0701	sbn 01	sign check.
1101	6501	nzb 01	
1102	0400	ldn 00	
1103	4275	stf 75	
1104	6013	zjf 13	
1105	2401	lcd 01	X and Y are negative. Complement and
1106	4001	std 01	restore. Store sign check.
1107	2402	lcd 02	



1110	4002	std 02	
1111	2403	lcd 03	
1112	4003	std 03	
1113	2404	lcd 04	
1114	4004	std 04	
1115	0401	ldn 01	
1116	4262	stf 62	
1117	2003	ldd 03	Subtract exponents and store result in
1120	3401	sbd 01	count.
1121	4260	stf 60	
1122	6064	zjf 64	Exponents are equal. Jump to 1206.
1123	6264	pjf 64	Y is larger than X. Jump to 1207.
1124	0614	adn 14	Add 14 to count to form shift.
1125	6057	zjf 57	X is much larger than Y. Jump to 1204.
1126	6357	njf 57	
1127	1600	scc 00	Complement and restore shift.
1130	7777	7777	
1131	4251	stf 51	
1132	0400	ldn 00	Zeroize mask.
1133	4250	stf 50	
1134	4404	srd 04	Shift Y lower to equalize exponents.
1135	4646	srf 46	Form mask. No. of shifts = Shift.
1136	5645	aof 45	
1137	5643	aof 43	
1140	6504	nzb 04	
1141	2004	ldd 04	Mask Y lower and restore.
1142	1241	lpf 41	
1143	4004	std 04	
1144	2002	ldd 02	Mask first bit of X lower and add Y
1145	1200	lpc 00	lower
1146	3777	3777	
1147	3004	add 04	
1150	6310	njf 10	No overflow. Replace first one bit.
1151	1600	scc 00	
1152	40000	4000	
1153	4002	std 02	
1154	0403	ldn 03	Time delay.
1155	0701	sbn 01	
1156	6501	nzb 01	
1157	6011	zjf 11	
1160	0111	ls 6	There is overflow. Right shift one
1161	0110	ls 3	place and replace first one bit.
1162	0103	ls 2	Store in cell 02.
1163	1315	lpb 15	
1164	3200	adc 00	
1165	2000	2000	
1166	4002	std 02	
1167	5401	aod 01	Modify exponent.

1170	2211	ldf 11	Zero check count.
1171	6006	zjf 06	
1172	0404	ldn 04	Count delay loops.
1173	0701	sbn 01	
1174	6501	nzb 01	
1175	5604	aof 04	
1176	6504	nzb 04	
1177	6044	zjf 44	Jump to delay routine.
1200	0000		Check stowage.
1201	0000		Count stowage.
1202	0000		Shift stowage.
1203	0000		Mask stowage.
1204	0501	lcn 01	X is much larger than Y. Jump to 1262.
1205	6355	njf 55	
1206	6066	zjf 66	Exponents equal. Jump to 1274.
1207	0714	sbn 14	Y is larger than X. Form shift.
1210	4306	stb 06	
1211	6254	pjf 54	Y is much larger than X. Jump to 1265.
1212	0400	ldn 00	Zeroize mask.
1213	4310	stb 10	
1214	4402	srđ 02	Shift X lower to equalize exponents.
1215	4712	srđ 12	Form mask. No. of shifts = Shift.
1216	5713	aob 13	
1217	5715	aob 15	
1220	6504	nzb 04	
1221	2002	ldd 02	Mask and restore X lower.
1222	1317	lpb 17	
1223	4002	std 02	
1224	2003	ldd 03	Store exponent in cell 01.
1225	4001	std 01	
1226	2325	ldb 25	Modify count to equalize delay.
1227	0701	sbn 01	
1230	6103	nzf 03	Zero check count.
1231	0300	nop	Time delay.
1232	6003	zjf 03	
1233	1600	scc 00	Complement and restore count.
1234	7777	7777	
1235	4334	stb 34	
1236	0300	nop	Mask first bit of Y lower and add
1237	2004	ldd 04	X lower.
1240	1241	lpf 41	
1241	3002	add 02	Jump back to over flow check routine.
1242	6572	nzb 72	
1243	0423	ldn 23	Time delay.
1244	0300	nop	
1245	0701	sbn 01	
1246	6501	nzb 01	
1247	2347	ldb 47	Check sign of answer.

1250 6105 nzf 05
 1251 0404 ldn 04
 1252 0701 sbn 01
 1253 6501 nzb 01
 1254 6005 zjf 05
 1255 2401 lcd 01
 1256 4001 std 01
 1257 2402 lcd 02

Answer is positive. Time delay and
 return jump to main program.

Answer is negative. Complement and
 restore cells 02 and 01. Return
 jump to main program.

1260 4002 std 02
 1261 7007 jpi 07
 1262 2200 ldc 00
 1263 0164 0164
 1264 6517 nzb 17
 1265 2003 lda 03
 1266 4001 std 01
 1267 2004 lda 04

X is much larger than Y. Jump to d
 delay routine.

Y is much larger than X. Load Y in
 cells 01 and 02 and jump to
 delay routine.

1270 4002 std 02
 1271 2200 ldc 00
 1272 0157 0157
 1273 6527 nzb 27
 1274 2002 ldd 02
 1275 0111 ls 6
 1276 0110 ls 3
 1277 0103 ls 2

Exponents are equal. Right shift
 X and Y lower one place and
 add. Store result in cell 02.

1300 1200 lpc 00
 1301 3777 3777
 1302 4002 std 02
 1303 2004 ldd 04
 1304 0111 ls 6
 1305 0110 ls 3
 1306 0103 ls 2
 1307 1306 lpb 06

1310 5002 rad 02
 1311 5401 aod 01
 1312 2200 ldc 00
 1313 0152 0152
 1314 6550 nzb 50
 1315 0400 ldn 00
 1316 4261 stf 61
 1317 4261 stf 61

Modify exponent.
 Jump to delay routine.

zeroize temp. storage

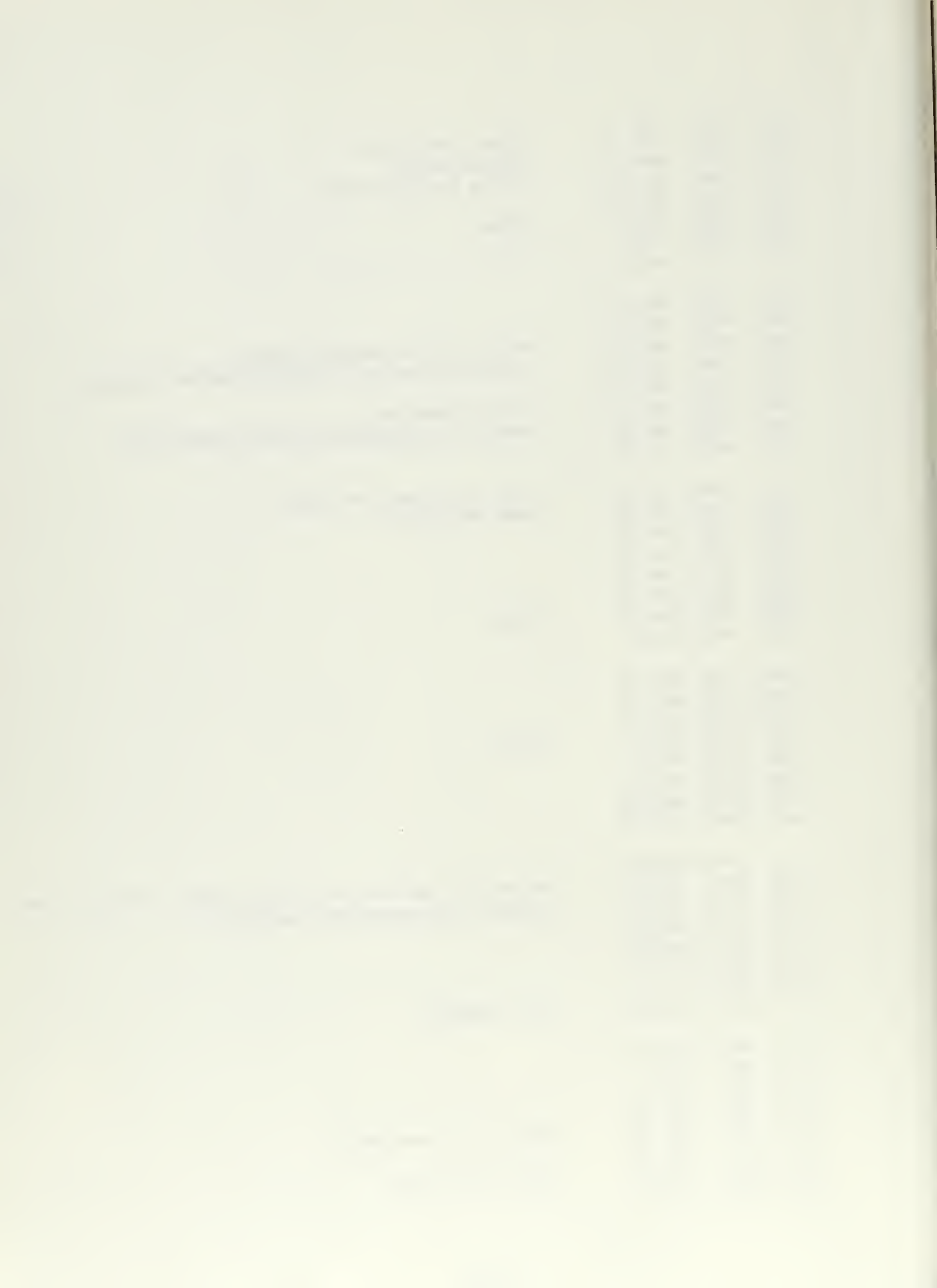
BEGIN FMU

1320 4261 stf 61
 1321 4261 stf 61
 1322 2401 lcd 01
 1323 6307 njf 07
 1324 4001 std 01
 1325 2402 lcd 02
 1326 4002 std 02
 1327 0401 ldn 01

load first argument (upper)
 test for neg or positive
 store positive arg
 compl and store lower
 remember first number neg

1330	4251	stf 51	
1331	6206	pjf 06	orig number pos - delay
1332	2200	ldc 00	
1333	0005	0005	
1334	0701	sbn 01	
1335	6501	nzb 01	
1336	0300	nop	
1337	2002	ldd 02	zero test first arg
1340	6106	nzf 06	
1341	2200	ldc 00	
1342	0477	0477	
1343	0701	sbn 01	
1344	6501	nzb 01	
1345	7007	jpi 07	
1346	2403	lcd 03	repeat tests on second arg
1347	6307	njf 07	
1350	4003	std 03	
1351	2404	lcd 04	
1352	4004	std 04	
1353	0501	lcn 01	
1354	5225	raf 25	
1355	6206	pjf 06	
1356	2200	ldc 00	
1357	0005	0005	
1360	0701	sbn 01	
1361	6501	nzb 01	
1362	0300	nop	
1363	2004	ldd 04	
1364	6111	nzf 11	
1365	4001	std 01	
1366	4002	std 02	
1367	2200	ldc 00	
1370	0462	0462	
1371	0701	sbn 01	
1372	6501	nzb 01	
1373	0300	nop	
1374	7007	jpi 07	
1375	0514	lcn 14	
1376	6305	njf 05	jump over temp storage
1377	0000		
1400	0000		
1401	0000		
1402	0000		
1403	4301	stb 01	store bit count (-14)
1404	4705	srb 05	shift lower ans left one
1405	2305	ldb 05	load upper ans
1406	6207	pjf 07	check need for carry to upper
1407	1200	lpc 00	remove left bit from lower

1410	3777	3777	
1411	4311	stb 11	place into lower
1412	5713	aob 13	execute carry
1413	0401	ldn 01	set up and jump back
1414	6205	pjf 05	
1415	2200	ldc 00	delay
1416	0004	0004	
1417	0701	sbn 01	
1420	6501	nzb 01	
1421	4721	srb 21	
1422	2004	ldd 04	begin next bit multiplication
1423	6220	pjf 20	if next bit zero, no multiplication this loop
1424	2002	ldd 02	
1425	5325	rab 25	add to lower ans
1426	1402	lsd 02	check for occurrence of end around carry
1427	0201	lpn 01	
1430	6006	zjf 06	jump if no corr for carry
1431	5732	aob 32	corr for carry
1432	0501	lcn 01	
1433	5333	rab 33	
1434	0401	ldn 01	
1435	6212	pjf 12	
1436	2200	ldc 00	delay
1437	0003	0003	
1440	0701	sbn 01	
1441	6501	nzb 01	
1442	6205	pjf 05	
1443	2200	ldc 00	delay
1444	0010	0010	
1445	0701	sbn 01	
1446	6501	nzb 01	
1447	4404	srd 04	
1450	5746	aob 46	
1451	6745	njb 45	return for next bit mult; if no jump, coef mult comp.
1452	2351	ldb 51	restore sign record for later ref
1453	4203	stf 03	
1454	6203	pjf 03	
1455	6302	njf 02	
1456	0000		
1457	2003	ldd 03	add exponents
1460	3600	sbc 00	
1461	2000	2000	
1462	5001	rad 01	
1463	6346	njf 46	
1464	2365	ldb 65	adjusts for zero coef
1465	6107	nzf 07	
1466	0501	lcn 01	reduce exp by one
1467	5001	rad 01	



1470	6341	njf 41	
1471	0500	lcn 00	zeroize coef
1472	4002	std 02	
1473	6307	njf 07	
1474	4002	std 02	
1475	2200	ldc 00	delay
1476	0002	0002	
1477	0701	sbn 01	
1500	6501	nzb 01	
1501	0300	nop	
1502	2002	ldd 02	
1503	6305	njf 05	
1504	4402	srd 02	left justify coef and adj exp
1505	0501	lcn 01	
1506	5001	rad 01	
1507	6205	pjf 05	
1510	2200	ldc 00	
1511	0003	0003	
1512	0701	sbn 01	
1513	6501	nzb 01	examine sign of ans
1514	2336	ldb 36	
1515	6006	zjf 06	
1516	2401	lcd 01	complement ans upper and lower if sign is neg
1517	4001	std 01	
1520	2402	lcd 02	
1521	4002	std 02	
1522	6206	pjf 06	
1523	2200	ldc 00	
1524	0004	0004	
1525	0701	sbn 01	
1526	6501	nzb 01	
1527	0300	nop	
1530	7007	jpi 07	return to M.P.
1531	0501	lcn 01	
1532	7777	hlt 77	
1533	0400	ldn 00	zeroize temp storage
1534	4261	stf 61	
1535	4261	stf 61	
1536	2403	lcd 03	test arguments as for FMU EXCEPT DIVISOR =0
1537	6307	njf 07	gives error halt
1540	4003	std 03	
1541	2404	lcd 04	
1542	4004	std 04	
1543	0401	ldn 01	
1544	4252	stf 52	
1545	6206	pjf 06	
1546	2200	ldc 00	
1547	0005	0005	

BEGIN FDV

1550	0701	sbn 01
1551	6501	nzb 01
1552	0300	nop
1553	2004	ldd 04
1554	6036	zjf 36
1555	2401	lcd 01
1556	6307	njf 07
1557	4001	std 01

1560	2402	lcd 02
1561	4002	std 02
1562	0501	lcn 01
1563	5233	raf 33
1564	6206	pjf 06
1565	2200	ldc 00
1566	0005	0005
1567	0701	sbn 01

1570	6501	nzb 01
1571	0300	nop
1572	2002	ldd 02
1573	6110	nzf 10
1574	4001	std 01
1575	2200	ldc 00
1576	0242	0242
1577	0701	sbn 01

1600	6501	nzb 01
1601	0300	nop
1602	7007	jpi 07
1603	0514	lcn 14
1604	4210	stf 10
1605	2002	ldd 02
1606	3404	sbd 04
1607	6210	pjf 10

set counter

coef check for start

coef 04 greater than 02 jump to 1617

1610	5403	aod 03
1611	6142	nzf 42
1612	0500	lcn 00
1613	7772	hlt 72
1614	0000	
1615	0000	
1616	0000	
1617	2200	ldc 00

jump to 1653

delay

1620	0002	0002
1621	0701	sbn 01
1622	6501	nzb 01
1623	2002	ldd 02
1624	3404	sbd 04
1625	6305	njf 05
1626	4002	std 02
1627	5712	aob 12

jump to 1632

in 1615

1630	0401	ldn 01	
1631	6206	pjf 06	
1632	2200	ldc 00	delay
1633	0002	0002	
1634	0701	sbn 01	
1635	6501	nzb 01	
1636	0300	nop	
1637	5723	aob 23	increase counter by one
1640	6220	pjf 20	coef div compl; jump to 1660
1641	4724	srb 24	on 1615
1642	2002	ldd 02	
1643	6310	njf 10	jump to 1653
1644	4402	srd 02	
1645	6721	njb 21	jump to 1624
1646	2200	ldc 00	
1647	0004	0004	
1650	0701	sbn 01	
1651	6501	nzb 01	
1652	6613	pjb 13	jump to 1637
1653	4402	srd 02	
1654	3404	sbd 04	
1655	4002	std 02	
1656	0401	ldn 01	
1657	6630	pjb 30	
1660	2200	ldf 00	form exponent
1661	2001	ldd 01	
1662	3403	sbd 03	
1663	5001	rad 01	
1664	6752	njb 52	
1665	2350	ldb 50	place coef of ans in 0002
1666	4002	std 02	
1667	2351	ldb 51	check for sign of ans
1670	6107	nzf 07	
1671	2200	ldc 00	
1672	0003	0003	
1673	0701	sbn 01	
1674	6501	nzb 01	
1675	0300	nop	
1676	6005	zjf 05	
1677	2401	lcd 01	compl for neg ans
1700	4001	std 01	
1701	2402	lcd 02	
1702	4002	std 02	
1703	7007	jpi 07	return jump to M.P.

APPENDIX II

STATE GENERATOR AND TEST

1. Theory.

Linear approximation between samples, as follows:

$$\theta = \frac{\theta_B - \theta_A}{\Delta t} \quad \text{A II-1}$$

Both θ_B and θ_A are the average of four samples taken as quickly as possible (141.3 μ sec/sample). The time, Δt , between θ_B and θ_A is 840 cycle times, or at 6.4 second/cycle time, 5,376 μ sec.

2. Memory requirements.

Lower memory: 01-04, 07, 10, 20-47, and 61-67.

Load State Generator: 2000-2322.

Load Output Section: 2323-2357.

3. Subroutines required.

Constant Time Floating Point Arithmetic Package. (APP. I)

A quick "Divide-by-4" routine, included with this appendix.

4. The programs for the state generator and the "Divide-by-4" subroutine follow. Comments are included with the programs.

STATE GENERATOR

1761	7500	exf	00
1762	1401	1401	
1763	7600	ina	00
1764	4262	stf	62
1765	7500	exf	00
1766	1401	1401	
1767	7600	ina	00
1770	4257	stf	57

1771	7500	exf	00
1772	1401	1401	
1773	7600	ina	00
1774	4254	stf	54
1775	7500	exf	00
1776	1401	1401	
1777	7600	ina	00
2000	4251	stf	51

2001	4001	std	01
2002	0101	pta	
2003	0604	adn	04
2004	4007	std	07
2005	7061	jpi	61
2006	2001	ldd	01
2007	4021	std	21
2010	2240	ldf	40

2011	4001	std	01
2012	0101	pta	
2013	0604	adn	04
2014	4007	std	07
2015	7061	jpi	61
2016	2001	ldd	01
2017	5021	rad	21
2020	2227	ldf	27

2021	4001	std	01
2022	0101	pta	
2023	0604	adn	04
2024	4007	std	07
2025	7061	jpi	61
2026	2001	ldd	01
2027	5021	rad	21
2030	2216	ldf	16

2031	4001	std	01
2032	0101	pta	
2033	0604	adn	04
2034	4007	std	07
2035	7061	jpi	61
2036	2001	ldd	01
2037	5021	rad	21
2040	2600	lcf	00

0A avg in 0021

2041	0464	ldn	64
2042	0601	adn	01
2043	6501	nzb	01
2044	0300	nop	
2045	6205	pjf	05
2046	0A1	0000	
2047	0A2	0000	
2050	0A3	0000	

2051	0A4	0000	
2052	7500	exf	00
2053	1401	1401	
2054	7600	ina	00
2055	4256	stf	56
2056	7500	exf	00
2057	1401	1401	
2060	7600	ina	00

2061	4253	stf	53
2062	7500	exf	00
2063	1401	1401	
2064	7600	ina	00
2065	4250	stf	50
2066	7500	exf	00
2067	1401	1401	
2070	7600	ina	00

2071	4245	stf	45
2072	4001	std	01
2073	0101	pta	
2074	0604	adn	04
2075	4007	std	07
2076	7061	jpi	61
2077	2001	ldd	01
2100	4022	std	22

2101	2234	ldf	34
2102	4001	std	01
2103	0101	pta	
2104	0604	adn	04
2105	4007	std	07
2106	7061	jpi	61
2107	2001	ldd	01
2110	5022	rad	22

2111	2223	ldf	23
2112	4001	std	01
2113	0101	pta	
2114	0604	adn	04
2115	4007	std	07
2116	7061	jpi	61
2117	2001	ldd	01
2120	5022	rad	22

2121	2212	ldf	12
2122	4001	std	01
2123	0101	pta	
2124	0604	adn	04
2125	4007	std	07
2126	7061	jpi	61
2127	2001	ldd	01
2130	5022	rad	22

0B avg in 0022

2131	6206	pjf	06
2132	6306	njf	06
2133	0B1	0000	
2134	0B2	0000	
2135	0B3	0000	
2136	0B4	0000	
2137	0300	nop	
2140	3421	sbd	21

2141	4024	std	24
2142	0101	pta	
2143	0605	adn	05
2144	4007	std	07
2145	2024	ldd	24
2146	7066	jpi	66
2147	2001	ldd	01
2150	4030	std	30

0B - 0A

0B - 0A to floating point

2151	2002	ldd	02
2152	4031	std	31
2153	2044	ldd	44
2154	4003	std	03
2155	2045	ldd	45
2156	4004	std	04
2157	0101	pta	
2160	0604	adn	04

2161	4007	std	07
2162	7065	jpi	65
2163	2001	ldd	01
2164	4032	std	32
2165	2002	ldd	02
2166	4033	std	33
2167	7500	exf	00
2170	1401	1401	

0B DOT formed

2171	7600	ina	00
2172	4256	stf	56
2173	7500	exf	00
2174	1401	1401	
2175	7600	ina	00
2176	4253	stf	53
2177	7500	exf	00
2200	1401	1401	

2201	7600	ina	00
2202	4250	stf	50
2203	7500	exf	00
2204	1401	1401	
2205	7600	ina	00
2206	4245	stf	45
2207	4001	std	01
2210	0101	pta	

2211	0604	adn	04
2212	4007	std	07
2213	7061	jpi	61
2214	2001	ldd	01
2215	4023	std	23
2216	2234	ldf	34
2217	4001	std	01
2220	0101	pta	

2221	0604	adn	04
2222	4007	std	07
2223	7061	jpi	61
2224	2001	ldd	01
2225	5023	rad	23
2226	2223	ldf	23
2227	4001	std	01
2230	0101	pta	

2231	0604	adn	04
2232	4007	std	07
2233	7061	jpi	61
2234	2001	ldd	01
2235	5023	rad	23
2236	2212	ldf	12
2237	4001	std	01
2240	0101	pta	

2241	0604	adn	04
2242	4007	std	07
2243	7061	jpi	61
2244	2001	ldd	01
2245	5023	rad	23
2246	6206	pjf	06
2247	6306	njf	06
2250	001	0000	

9C avg in 0023

2251	0C2	0000	
2252	0C3	0000	
2253	0C4	0000	
2254	0300	nop	
2255	3422	sbd 22	EC - EB formed
2256	4025	std 25	
2257	0101	pta	
2260	0605	adn 05	
2261	4007	std 07	
2262	2025	ldd 25	
2263	7066	jpi 66	EC - EB to floating point
2264	2001	ldd 01	
2265	4034	std 34	
2266	2002	ldd 02	
2267	4035	std 35	
2270	2044	ldd 44	
2271	4003	std 03	
2272	2045	ldd 45	
2273	4004	std 04	
2274	0101	pta	
2275	0604	adn 04	
2276	4007	std 07	
2277	7065	jpi 65	EC DOT formed
2300	2001	ldd 01	
2301	4036	std 36	
2302	2002	ldd 02	
2303	4037	std 37	

continue to OUTPUT ROUTINE or CONTROL PROGRAM.

SUBROUTINE DIVIDE BY FOUR

1704	2001	ldd 01	pick-up argument
1705	6212	pjf 12	sign check
1706	0111	ls 6	} divide by 4
1707	0110	ls 3	
1710	0102	ls 1	
1711	1200	lpc 00	} mask
1712	1777	1777	
1713	3200	adc 00	extend negative sign bit
1714	6000	6000	
1715	4001	std 01	store answer
1716	6312	njf 12	jump by positive path
1717	0111	ls 6	} divide by 4
1720	0110	ls 3	
1721	0102	ls 1	
1722	1200	lpc 00	} mask
1723	1777	1777	
1724	4001	std 01	store answer
1725	0300	nop	} time delay
1726	0300	nop	
1727	0300	nop	
1730	7007	jpi 07	return jump to M.P.

Jump into and return jump out of this subroutine in the same manner as for the floating point routines.

OUTPUT ROUTINE FOR Θ DOT

```

2353 2036 ldd 36
2354 4001 std 01
2355 2037 ldd 37
2356 4002 std 02
2357 2200 ldc 00

```

```

2360 2002 2002
2361 4003 std 03
2362 2200 ldc 00
2363 6221 6221
2364 4004 std 04
2365 0101 pta
2366 0604 adn 04
2367 4007 std 07

```

```

2370 7065 jpi 65      divide out w; normalizes output
2371 0101 pta
2372 0604 adn 04
2373 4007 std 07
2374 7067 jpi 67       $\Theta$  DOT to fixed point
2375 0300 nop
2376 4020 std 20
2377 7500 exf 00

```

```

2400 2401 2401
2401 7304 out 04
2402 0021 0021
2403 6103 nzf 03
2404 6002 zjf 02
2405 0020 0020
2406 7010 jpi 10
2407 7757 hlt 57

```


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Digital control of a second order hybrid



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